# **GCSE Business**

# GCSE Business Revision checklist

- Unit 1 Starting a business Multiple Choice Question exam 45 minutes
- Unit 3 Building a business This paper is divided into 3 sections. Questions will require a
  mixture of multiple-choice selection, short- and extended/ long-answers. Sections B and C
  will both consist of questions based on a scenario given in the paper 1 hour 30 minutes.

# <u>Unit 1 – Starting a business</u>

Topic 1.1. Spotting a business opportunity Page 1-9

Content	Learning outcomes	Have you
coverage/key		learnt/achieved?
questions		Yes/No/Go over
What is a	To be able to state what a business does	
business?		
Understandin	To be able to state why customer needs are central to a business	
g customer		
needs		
Analysing	To be able to identify customers	
customers	To understand the types of customers that are being targeted	
	To understand how to segment the market	
	To understand the position of a business in order to sport a gap in	
	the market	
	To understand how to use a market map	
Analysing	To be able to recognise the importance of competitors in business	
competitors	planning.	
	To be able to state at least three potential strengths and three	
	weaknesses of competitors that might affect business planning.	
Adding value	To understand the meaning of the term 'added value'.	
	To be able to recognise added value in three examples of products.	
The options	To recognise that there are different options available in starting up	
available in	a business.	
starting up a	To understand the main principles of a franchise.	
business	To be able to state at least two advantages and two disadvantages of a franchise.	
	To recognise the importance of location in setting up a business	

#### **Topic 1.2. Showing enterprise Page 10-15**

Content	Learning outcomes	Have you
coverage/key		learnt/achieved?
questions		Yes/No/Go over
What is	To be able to state at least four features of being enterprising.	
enterprise?	To understand the difference between a good and a service.	
	To understand how mind maps can be used by entrepreneurs to	
	spot opportunities.	
Being creative	To understand the role of creative thinking in business enterprise.	
and	To be able to identify key questions that entrepreneurs ask.	

enterprising	To be able to identify ways of thinking creatively	
Innovation	To be able to state clearly the difference <b>between</b> invention and	
and invention	innovation.	
	To understand the steps that an entrepreneur can take to protect	
	ideas and products.	
	To understand the difference between trademarks and copyright	
Calculated	To recognise that business involves degrees of risk.	
risk	To appreciate that business can also bring rewards.	
	To understand how to balance out the risk– reward ratio.	
	Evaluate the importance of judging the outcome and viability of a	
	start-up.	
	Give examples of business mistakes that were part of the process of	
	learning to succeed	
Enterprise	Explain the importance of planning, thinking ahead, seeing	
skills	opportunities, having drive and determination making connections,	
	using mind maps to collect thoughts and see opportunities	

Topic 1.3. Putting a business idea into practice Page 16-24

Content	Learning outcomes	Have you
coverage/key		learnt/achieved?
questions		Yes/No/Go over
Business	To be able to state at least three financial and three non-financial	
objectives	objectives for starting up a business.	
Entrepreneur	To be able to state at least two qualities shown by entrepreneurs	
qualities		
Costs and	To be able to state a definition of revenue, fixed costs, variable	
revenues	costs, price, total cost and profit.	
	To state two ways in which a new business might forecast sales.	
	Explain how to determine fixed and variable costs	
	Differentiate between price and cost and the concept of profit	
	Explain how profit is the difference between the total revenue	
	generated over a period and the total costs	
	<ul> <li>Evaluate the impact of profits and losses on a business and its owners</li> </ul>	
Forecasting	To understand the difference between cash flow and profit.	
cash flow	To understand the difference between a cash flow forecast and cash flow statement.	
	To be able to complete a cash flow forecast table.	
	To identify at least four factors that affect cash flow.	
	To understand how poor cash flow can lead to business failure.	
	To understand the use of the business plan in planning cash flow.	
Obtaining	To be able to state at least three different sources of finance for a	
finance	new business.	
	To recognise the difference between short-term finance and long- term finance.	

## Topic 1.4. Making the start up effective Page 25-30

Content	Learning outcomes	Have you
coverage/key		learnt/achieved?
questions		Yes/No/Go over
Customer	To understand that a focus on the needs of the customer is	
focus and	essential to business success.	
marketing mix	To recognise the main elements of the marketing mix.	
	To be able to identify key elements of the marketing mix in	
	different contexts.	

Limited	To understand the principle of liability.	
liability	To be able to state the difference between limited and unlimited liability.	
	To appreciate how the extent of liability can influence decision-	
	making on the type of business organisation chosen by an	
	entrepreneur.	
	State the differences between sole trader and private limited company status	
Start-up, legal	To recognise the importance of an appropriate trading name for a	
and tax issues	business.	
	To appreciate why accurate record keeping is important to a	
	business.	
	To understand the main taxes a small business will have to pay —	
	VAT, corporation tax, income tax and National Insurance	
_	contributions.	
Customer	To give a definition of customer satisfaction and customer service.	
satisfaction	To be able to state at least three benefits to a business of high levels of customer service.	
	To be able to understand the importance of repeat business and	
	how customer service and customer satisfaction play a role in	
	securing repeat business.	
Recruitment	To understand the key stages in recruiting employees to a business.	
	To understand that both skills and attitude are important in the	
	selection process.	
	To appreciate that employing staff is governed by laws relating to	
	race, sex, age and disability.	

**Topic 1.5. Understanding the economic context Page31-35** 

Content	Learning outcomes	Have you
coverage/key	Learning outcomes	learnt/achieved?
questions		Yes/No/Go over
Demand and supply	<ul> <li>To understand that a market is made up of buyers and sellers.</li> <li>To understand that the price of a good is determined by the</li> </ul>	respired do over
	<ul> <li>interaction of demand and supply.</li> <li>To recognise that a shortage will lead to a rise in price and a surplus to a fall in price.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>To be able to recognise the difference between a goods market and a commodity market.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>To appreciate that changes in commodity prices can affect small businesses.</li> </ul>	
Interest rates	To understand that interest is the payment made for a	
and exchange	loan/received for savings.	
rates	To understand how changes in interest rates can affect small businesses.	
	To understand that the exchange rate is the price of acquiring a foreign currency.	
	To be able to calculate simple exchange rate conversions using dollars, pounds and euros.	
	To understand that changes in exchange rates affect buyers from abroad and sellers to foreign countries differently.	
Business cycle	To provide a definition of 'economic activity'.	
	To be able to recognise that the level of economic activity changes	
	over time.	
	To be able to state how different stages in the business cycle might	
	affect different small businesses.	
Stakeholders	To be able to provide a definition of the term 'stakeholder'.	

	To be able to recognise the key stakeholders in a number of small	
	business contexts.	
•	To be able to state the basic rights and responsibilities of different stakeholders.	
•	To understand and identify at least five possible areas of conflict	
	between stakeholders in a business.	

# Unit 3 – Building a business

## **Topic 3.1 Marketing Page 39-46**

Content	Learning outcomes	Have you
coverage/key		learnt/achieved?
questions		Yes/No/Go over
Marketing	To provide a definition of the term marketing	
Market research	<ul> <li>To be able to explain difference between quantitative and qualitative research?</li> <li>To be able to give examples of each type of research</li> <li>To be able to explain the difference between primary and secondary research</li> <li>To be able to give examples of each and know when they would be</li> </ul>	
Product trial and repeat purchase	<ul> <li>used</li> <li>To be able to explain why product trial and repeat purchase is important</li> <li>To be able to explain how you can maximise repeat purchase through customer loyalty</li> </ul>	
Product life cycle	<ul> <li>To be able to explain the four stages of the product life cycle</li> <li>To be able to give examples of what extension strategies a business can use to extend the life of a product</li> <li>To provide a definition of a product portfolio</li> </ul>	
Boston Matrix	To be able to explain what a Boston Matrix is and explain each of the four areas	
Branding and differentiation	To explain why branding and differentiation is important to a business	
Building a successful marketing mix	<ul> <li>To be able to provide a definition of the marketing mix</li> <li>To be able to explain how a business can build a successful marketing mix</li> </ul>	

# Topic 3.2 Meeting customer needs Page 47-53

Content	Learning outcomes	Have you
coverage/key		learnt/achieved?
questions		Yes/No/Go over
Design and	To explain the components of the design mix	
research		
development		
Managing	To be able to explain what a bar stock graph is and to be able to	
stock and	label the following; maximum and minimum stock level, reorder	
quality	level and lead time	
	To be able to explain Just in Time (JIT) method of stock control	
	To be able to explain the benefits and limitations of using this	
	method of stock control	
Cost-effective	To be able to define productivity	
operations	To be able to explain how a business can keep productivity up and	
and	costs down to allow for competitive prices	
competitiven		
ess		

Effective	To be able to explain and give examples of effective customer
customer	service
service	To be able to explain the disadvantages of poor customer service
Meeting	To understand the Trade Descriptions Act and Sale of Goods Act
consumer	To appreciate the effects of this legislation on business
protection	
laws	

**Topic 3.3 Effective financial management Page 54-58** 

Content	Learning outcomes	Have you
coverage/key		learnt/achieved?
questions		Yes/No/Go over
How to	To be able to explain how a business can improve cash flow by	
improve cash	increasing cash inflows or reducing cash outflows	
flow	To be able to analyse the difference between increasing cash	
	inflows and reducing cash outflows	
How to	To be able to explain how a business can increase profit	
improve	To be able to analyse the difference between increasing revenue	
profit	and reducing costs	
	To appreciate that increasing revenue or reducing costs involves a trade off	
Break even	To draw and interpret a break even chart	
charts and	Know how to calculate the break even point and margin of safety	
break even	Explain and illustrate how changes in costs and prices affect the	
analysis	break even point	
	Appreciate the usefulness of break even	
Financing	Explain how to finance a business from both internal sources (profit	
growth	and assets sales) and external sources (share capital, debt)	
	including stock market flotation	
	Appreciate the advantages and disadvantages of each source	

Topic 3.4 Effective people management Page 59-62

Content	Learning outcomes	Have you
coverage/key		learnt/achieved?
questions		Yes/No/Go over
Organisationa	To be able to explain the importance of divisional structure, levels	
I structure	of hierarchy, chains of command and centralised versus	
	decentralised systems	
Motivation	To explain the importance of motivation in the workplace	
theory	To explain Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs and its importance in the	
	workplace	
Communicati	To be able to explain the impact of sufficient or excessive	
on	communication on efficiency, on staff and on their motivation	
	To be able to appreciate the barriers to effective communication	
Remuneration	To be able to explain the impact on staff of various payment	
	systems; time, piece rate, commission; full time salary versus	
	freelance of temporary work; fringe benefits	
	To be able to explain the impact on a business of different payment	
	systems	

Topic 3.5 The wider world affecting business Page 63-66

Content	Learning outcomes	Have you
coverage/key		learnt/achieved?
questions		Yes/No/Go over
Ethics in	To be able to explain the meaning of the term "ethics" in business	

business	To appreciate the moral issues affecting organisations	
Environmenta	To explain how businesses affect the environment	
lissues	To explain the importance of short term environmental effects	
	(impact on traffic congestion, air, noise, water pollution, recycling)	
	and long term effects (global warming and resource depletion)	
Economic	To be able to appreciate the extremes of income distribution	
issues	internationally	
affecting	To explain the effect of import protection and export subsidy on	
international	businesses	
trade		
The impact of	To explain the impact of regulation and taxation on businesses	
government	To explain the benefits and drawbacks of minimum wage,	
and the EU	maternity/paternity rights and health and safety regulations on	
	businesses	

### **Essential Formulas**

- Revenue = Price x quantity sold
- Total costs = Fixed + Variable costs
- Fixed costs do not change with output. They are always the same
- Variable costs change with amount of goods produced. Multiply the number of goods sold by the variable costs per unit.
  - **Profit** = Revenue total costs
  - Changing £'s into \$'s or €'s multiply the UK price by the exchange rate
- Changing \$'s or €'s in to £'s divide the foreign price by the exchange rate
  - Break even point = <u>Fixed cost</u>
     Contribution
  - Contribution = Price per item sold –
     variable cost per item sold

#### Resources

Revision guide – you each have one of these
There are revision resources available here
R:\Subjects\Key Stage 4\Business\GCSE\Revision
Useful websites;

http://www.bbc.co.uk/education/subjects/zpsvr82 http://www.businessed.co.uk/index.php/home/the ory/gcse/edexcel-gcsetheory#unit-1-anintroduction-to-small-business http://revisionworld.com/gcse-revision/businessstudies/edexcel-business-studies/unit-1introduction-small-business

### **Exam technique**

#### Paper 1 - Unit 1 - MCQ

- Read the question carefully and underline the key word they are assessing
- Always look at the context of the questions (case study) before choosing your answer.

#### Paper 2 - Unit 3 - mix of questions

- State/identify how many things are they asking for?
   Simply write them out!
- What is meant by? write out the definition of the key word and give an example of the key word
- Calculate Write out the formula and apply the formula to the data in the question
- Outline State first point and describe how it will affect the business. Describe another way it will affect the business. (1 point for 2 marks, 2 points needed if 3 or 4 marks)
- **Explain** how/why Develop your point by using linking statements e.g. 'leading to' 'therefore' 'because...' 'as a result...' 'this means that...' Aim for 2 linking words.
- Describe write out the first point and link to the scenario, describe the impact the point has on the business and describe another way it will affect the business. (repeat this if you need a second or third point)
- Discuss look at both sides, counter argue both sides and come to a conclusion – judgement
- Advantages/disadvantages identify an advantage and say why it is an advantage (what effect it has on the business). Give a second reason why it is an advantage. Repeat for a second advantage. Repeat the same steps for two disadvantages
- Assess Give at least 2 reasons for the situation and develop these reasons. Give at least 2 reasons against the situation and develop each reason. Give a conclusion – judgement based on the business in the scenario